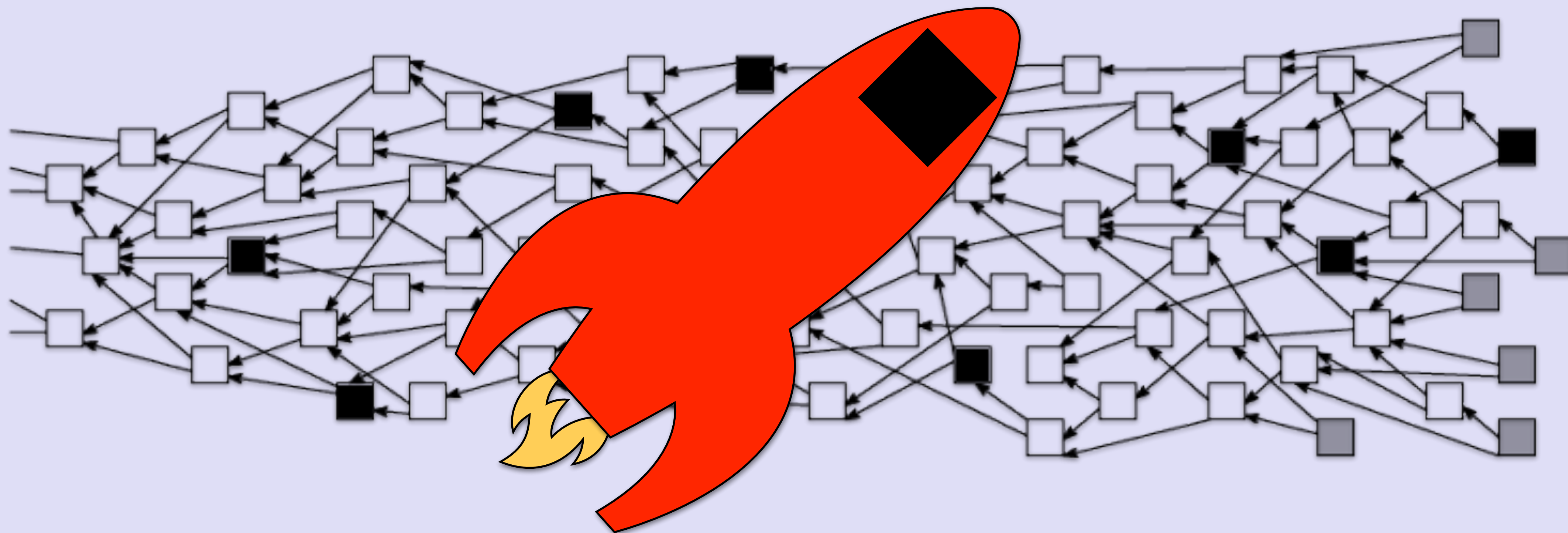


IOTA TUTORIAL 20

Masked Authenticated Messaging Payload



INTRO

- In this video I will explain how the Masked Authenticated Messaging payload is created and also how it is parsed.
- If you have not watched IOTA tutorial 19, please watch that video first.

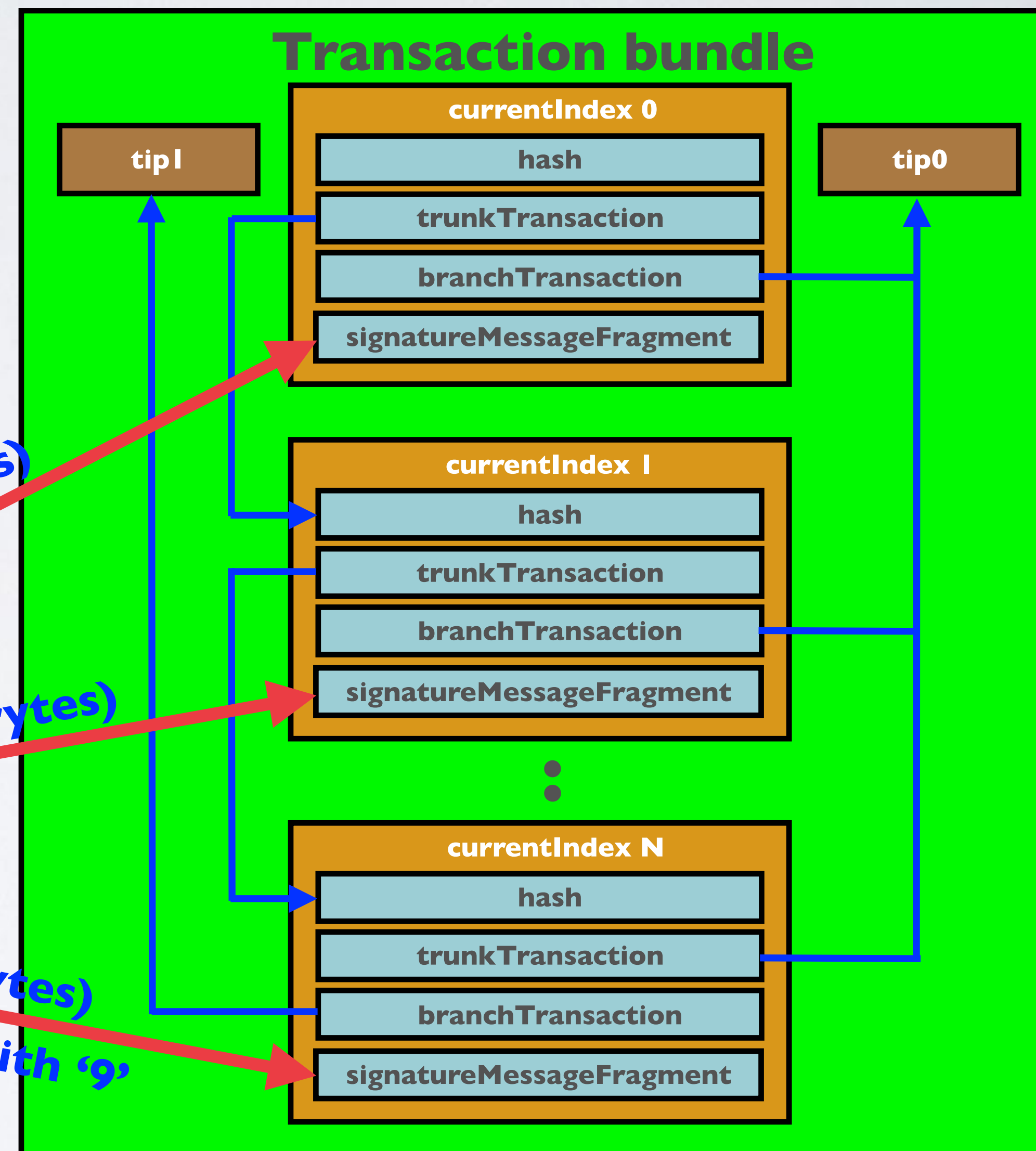
MAM OBJECT AND TRANSACTION BUNDLE

MAM object

```

{
  "state": {
    "subscribed": [],
    "channel": {
      "side_key": null,
      "mode": "public",
      "next_root": "DXLG...FUMX",
      "security": "3",
      "start": 1,
      "count": 1,
      "next_count": 1,
      "index": 0
    },
    "seed": "EQR9...QHNV"
  },
  "payload": "AHBA...CBA9",
  "root": "ZHWO...WWUC",
  "address": "ZHWO...WWUC"
}

```

masked payload**Transaction bundle**

MASKED PAYLOAD

- The masked payload contains the following information.

masked_payload



Note: encoded means convert integer value to trits

- message = {"payload": "ODGD..GAQD", "next_root": "SJLO..RC9T"}
- The payload contains the actual sensor data converted to trytes.
For example: {"data": 40, "dateTime": "23/02/2018 10:54:34"}

MASKED PAYLOAD

- The masked payload is created in file:

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn create(seed: &[Trit], message: &[Trit], side_key:
&[Trit], root: &[Trit], siblings: &[Trit], next:
&[Trit], start: isize, index: usize, security: u8, ..)
```

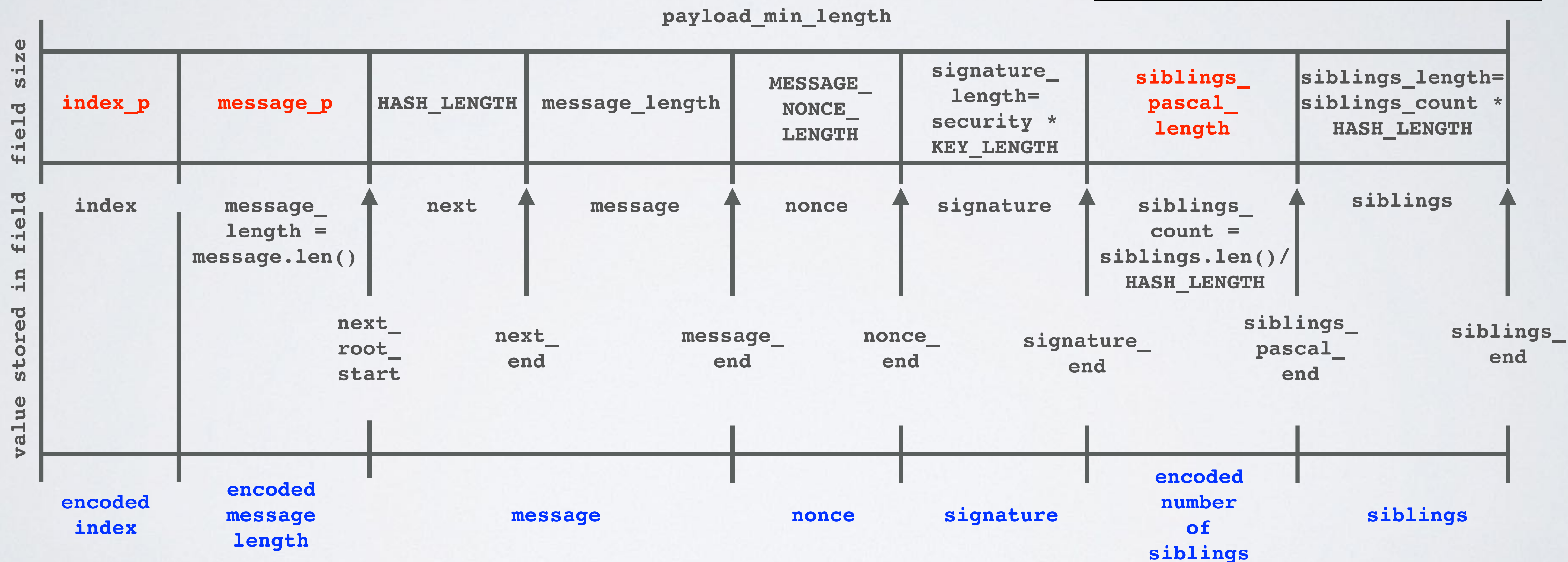
- In the next slides I will explain the basics how the masked payload is created and also how it is parsed by using drawings as a visual aid to help you to understand the concept.

MASKED PAYLOAD FORMAT

<https://github.com/iotaedger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn create(seed: &[Trit], message: &[Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit],
siblings: &[Trit], next: &[Trit], start: isize, index: usize, security: u8, ..)
```

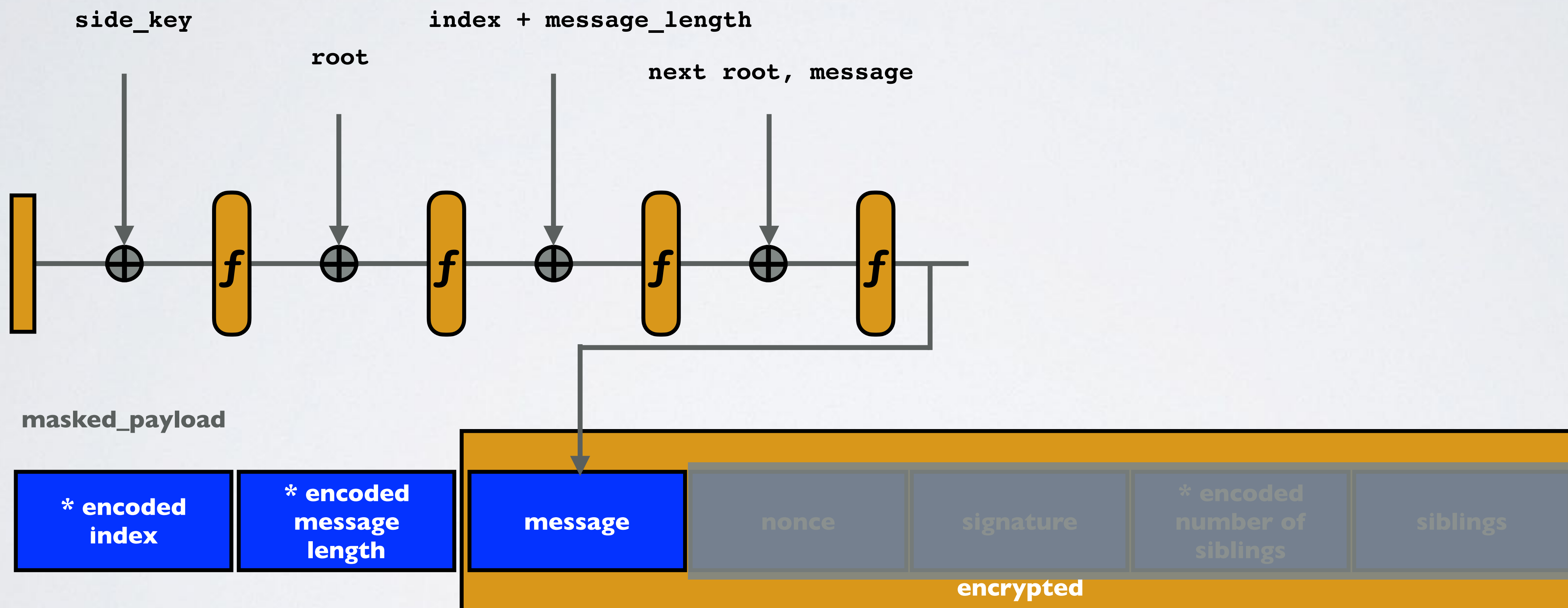
```
HASH_LENGTH = 243 trits
KEY_LENGTH = 27 x 243 = 6561 trits
MESSAGE_NONCE_LENGTH = 81 trits
```



MESSAGE MASKED

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn create(seed: &[Trit], message: &[Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit],
siblings: &[Trit], next: &[Trit], start: isize, index: usize, security: u8, ..)
```



*) Decimal value converted to trits

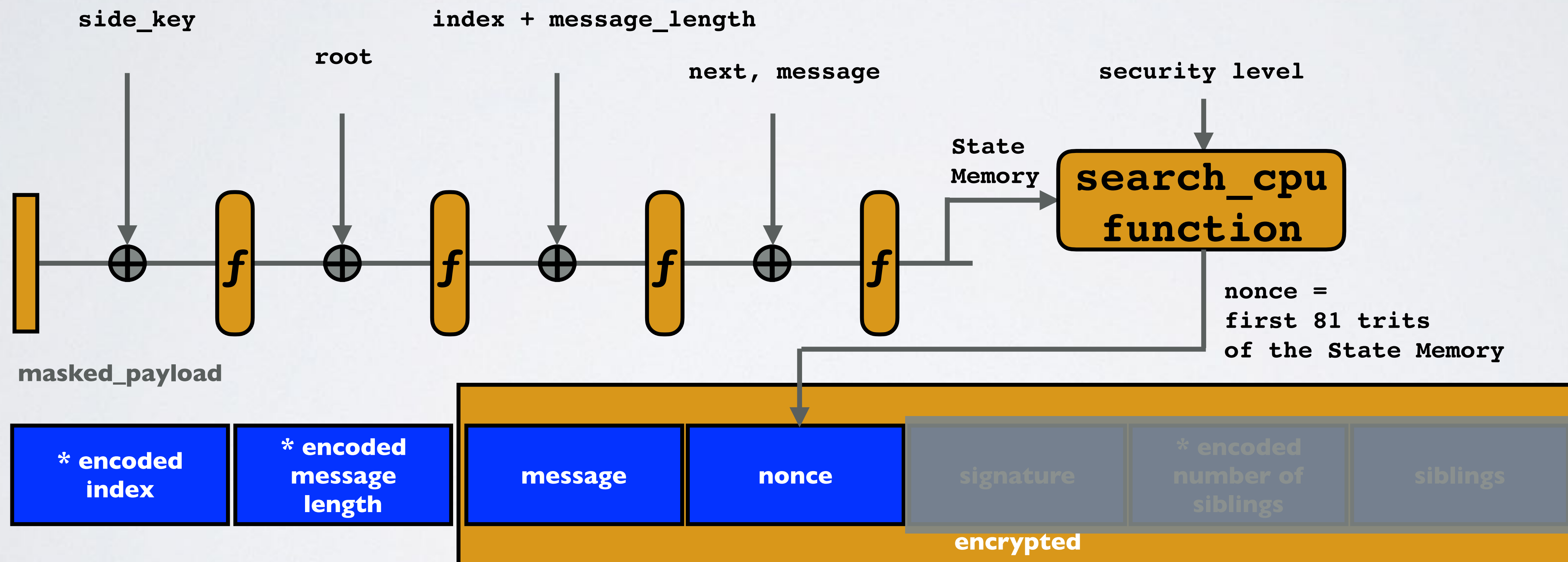
NONCE

- <https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/curl-cpu/src/ham.rs>
`fn search<C: Curl<Trit>, CB: Curl<BC>Trit>>(security: u8,
offset: usize, length: usize,..)`
- Nonce is a number based on the side key, root, index, message length, next root and message. Lets call these values “masked bundle values”.
- Nonce can be interpreted as a value created by scrambling these “masked bundle values” in a specific way using the security level.

NONCE MASKED

- <https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/curl-cpu/src/ham.rs>

```
fn search<C: Curl<Trit>, CB: Curl<BCTrit>>(security: u8,
offset: usize, length: usize,..)
```



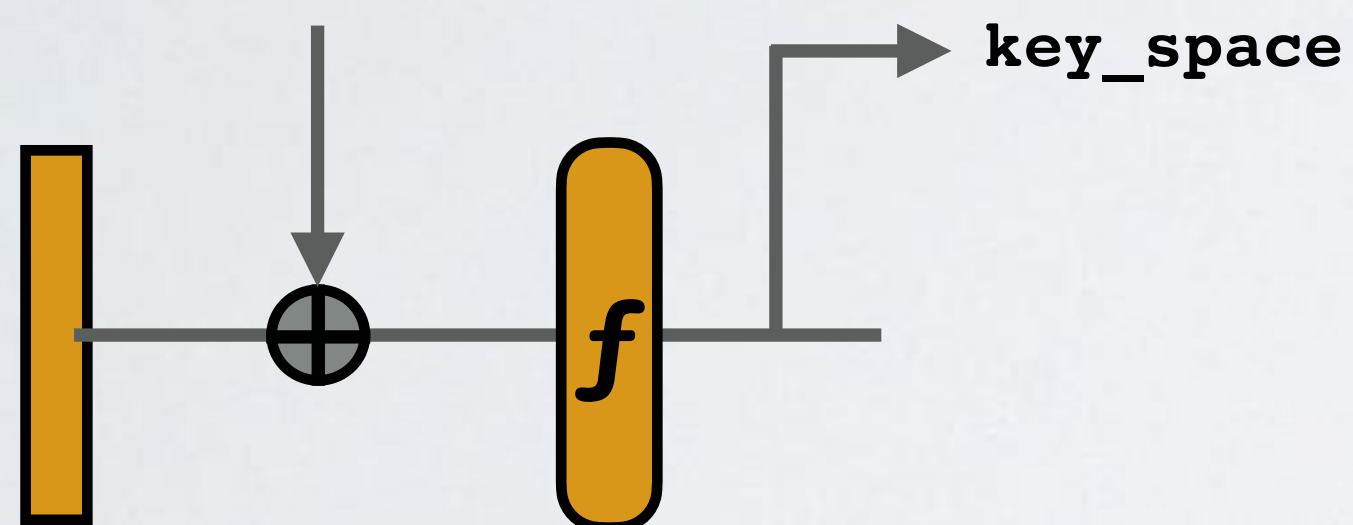
*) Decimal value converted to trits

SUBSEED AND KEY

<https://github.com/iotaedger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs>

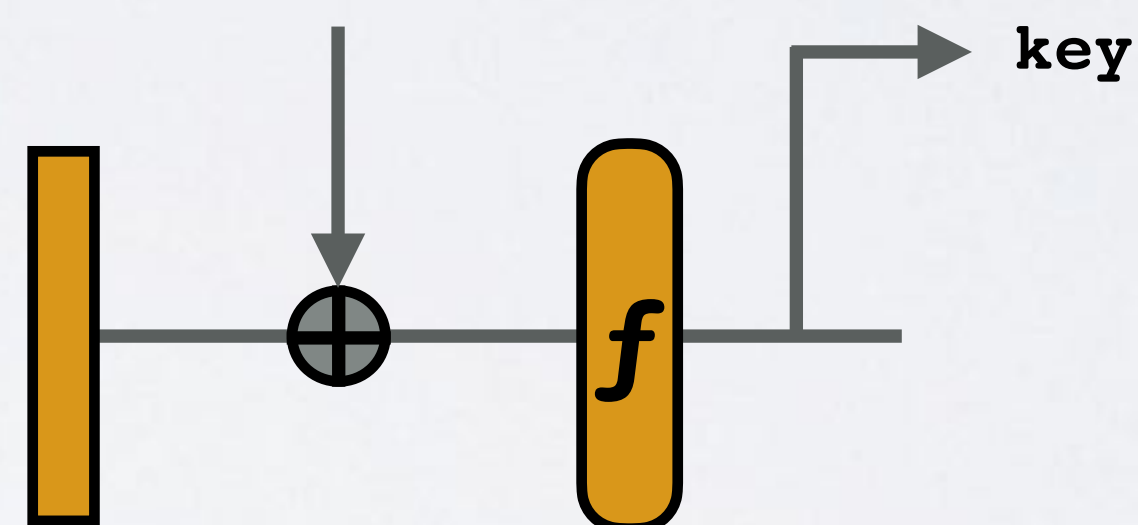
```
pub fn subseed<C>(seed: &[Trit], index: isize,..)
```

subseed = seed + index



```
pub fn key<T, C>(key_space: &mut [T], security: usize, ..)
```

key_space



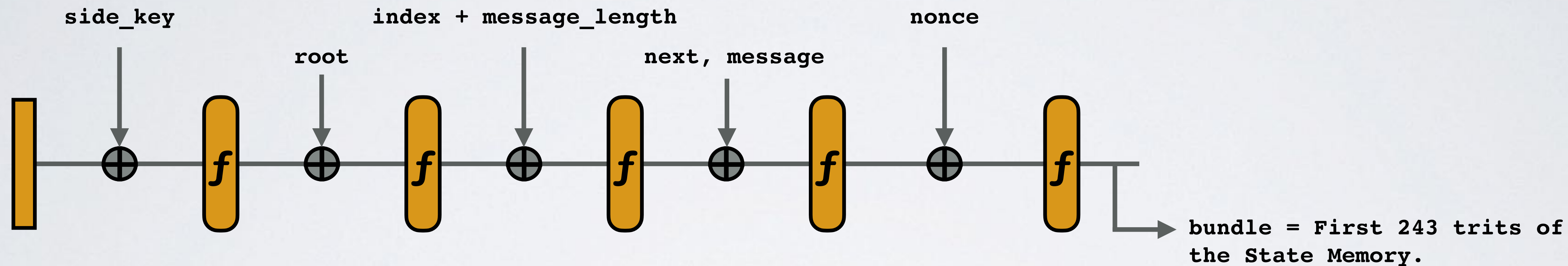
subseed size	=	HASH_LENGTH
seed size	=	HASH_LENGTH
key_space size	=	HASH_LENGTH
key size	=	security x KEY_LENGTH

HASH_LENGTH	=	243 trits
KEY_LENGTH	=	27 x 243 = 6561 trits

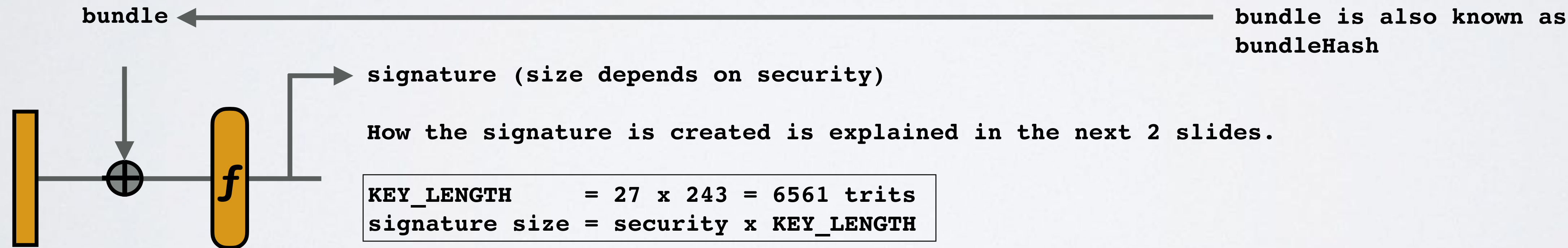
SIGNATURE MASKED

<https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs>

```
pub fn create(seed: &[Trit], message: &[Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit],
siblings: &[Trit], next: &[Trit], start: isize, index: usize, security: u8, ..)
```

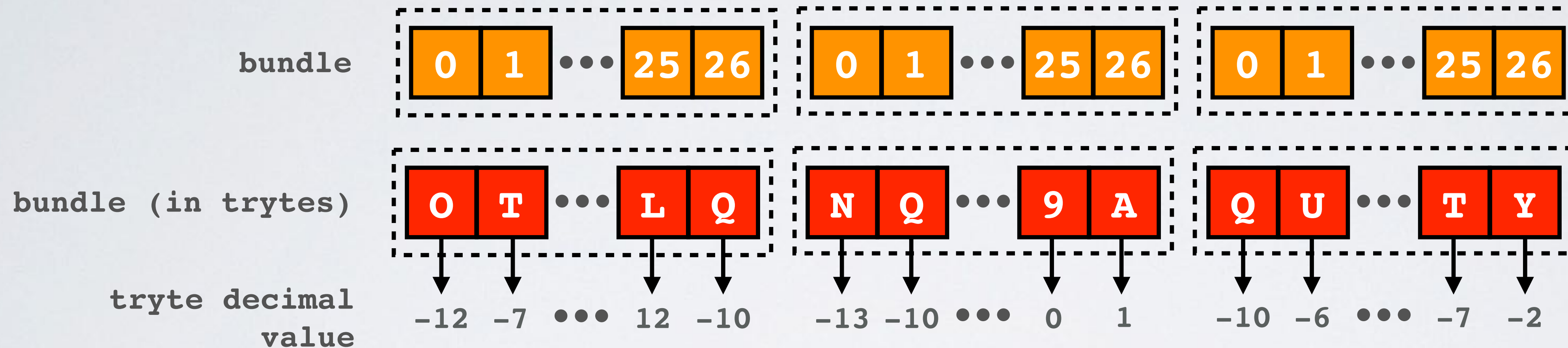


```
pub fn signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], key_signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```



CALCULATE NUMBER OF HASHES

bundle size = 243 trits = 3 x 27 trytes



```
https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs
pub fn signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], key_signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```



K times to hash each segment to CREATE signature

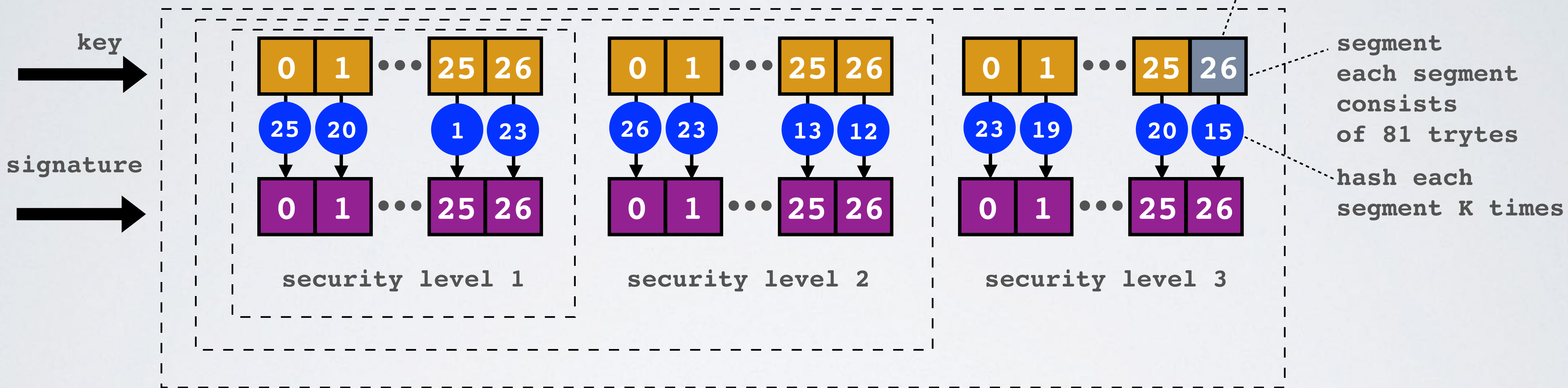
```
https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs
pub fn digest_bundle_signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```



K times to hash each segment to VALIDATE signature

CALCULATE SIGNATURE

LEEQFZCCXT9SLWJOQYVXULGRJMF LTSBLVIGZ9DTBAKOGXUNIJKGVRSFAKXYDGSQTENARYEGUYRTS9XQ9I



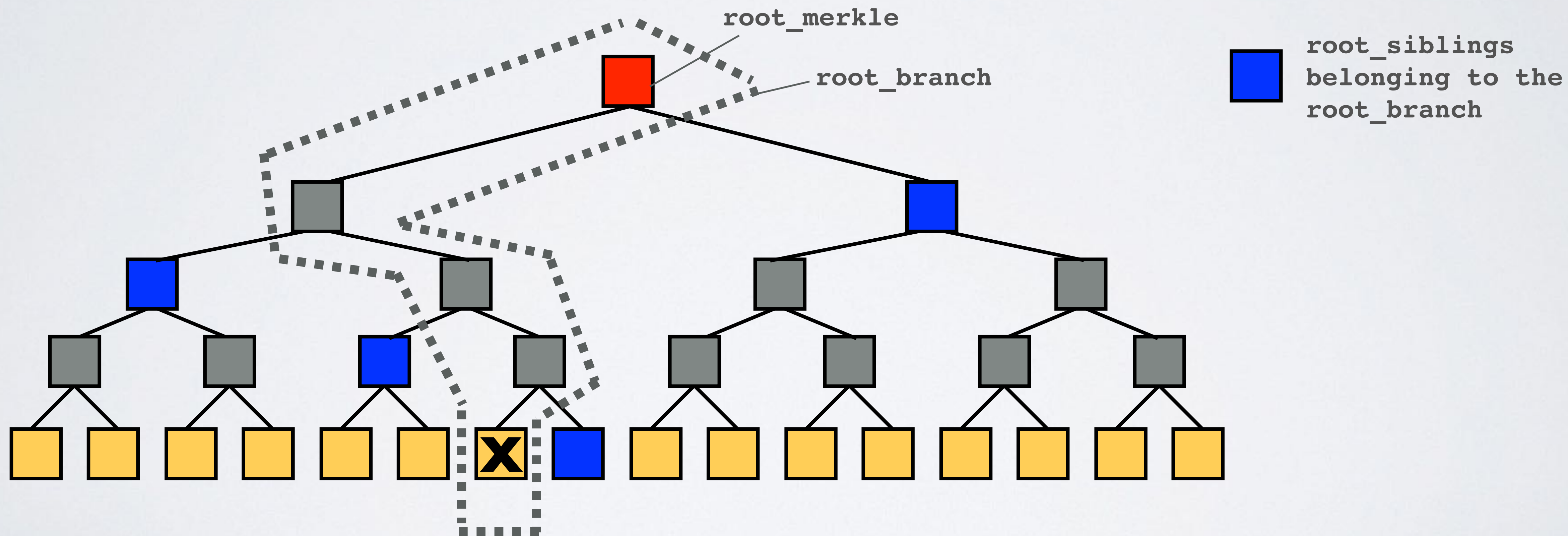
KEY_LENGTH = 27 x 243 = 6561 trits
 key size = security x KEY_LENGTH
 signature size = security x KEY_LENGTH

CALCULATE NUMBER OF SIBLINGS AND SIBLINGS

- Setup Merkle tree:

<https://github.com/iotaedger/mam.client.js/blob/master/lib/mam.web.js>

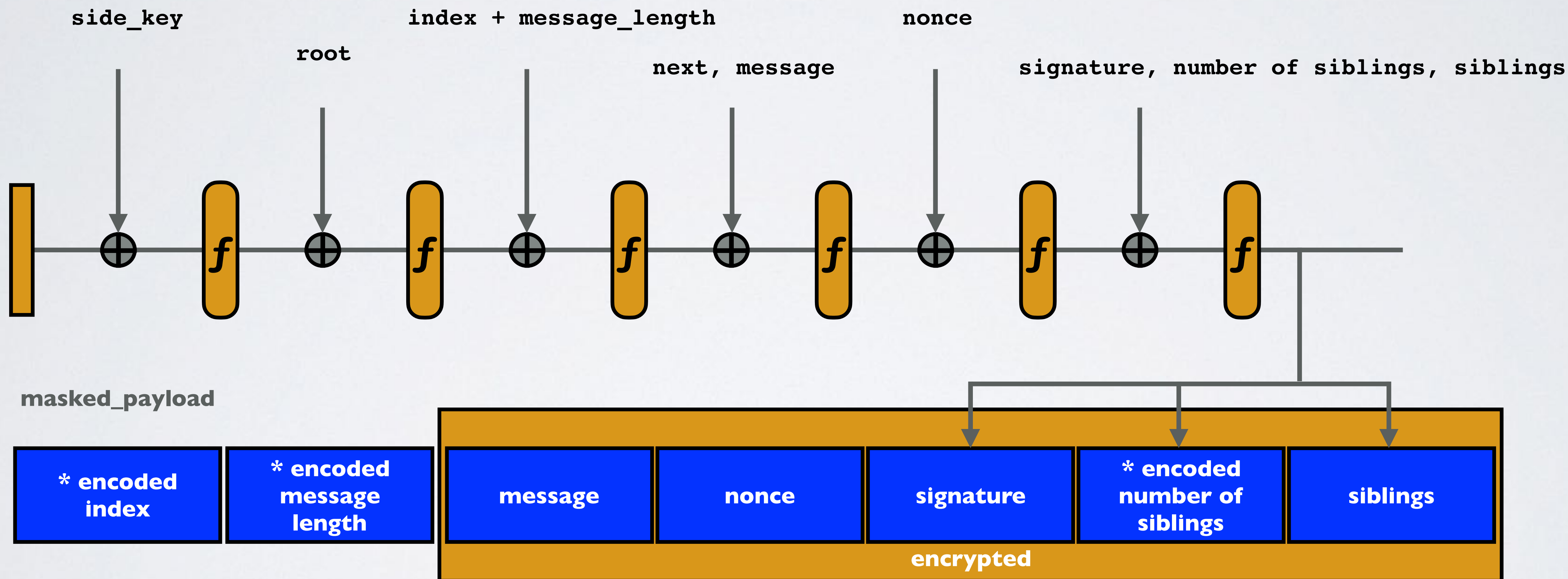
```
function createMessage(SEED, MESSAGE, SIDE_KEY, CHANNEL)
```



SIGNATURE, NUMBER OF SIBLINGS, SIBLINGS MASKED

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn create(seed: &[Trit], message: &[Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit],
siblings: &[Trit], next: &[Trit], start: isize, index: usize, security: u8, ..)
```



*) Decimal value converted to trits

PARSE MASKED PAYLOAD

- When consuming a MAM stream, the signature is first validated by verifying if the signature belongs to one of the tree's leaves.
If the signature verification fails, the entire message is deemed invalid.
If the signature verification is valid, the message is unmasked.

- The masked payload is parsed in file:

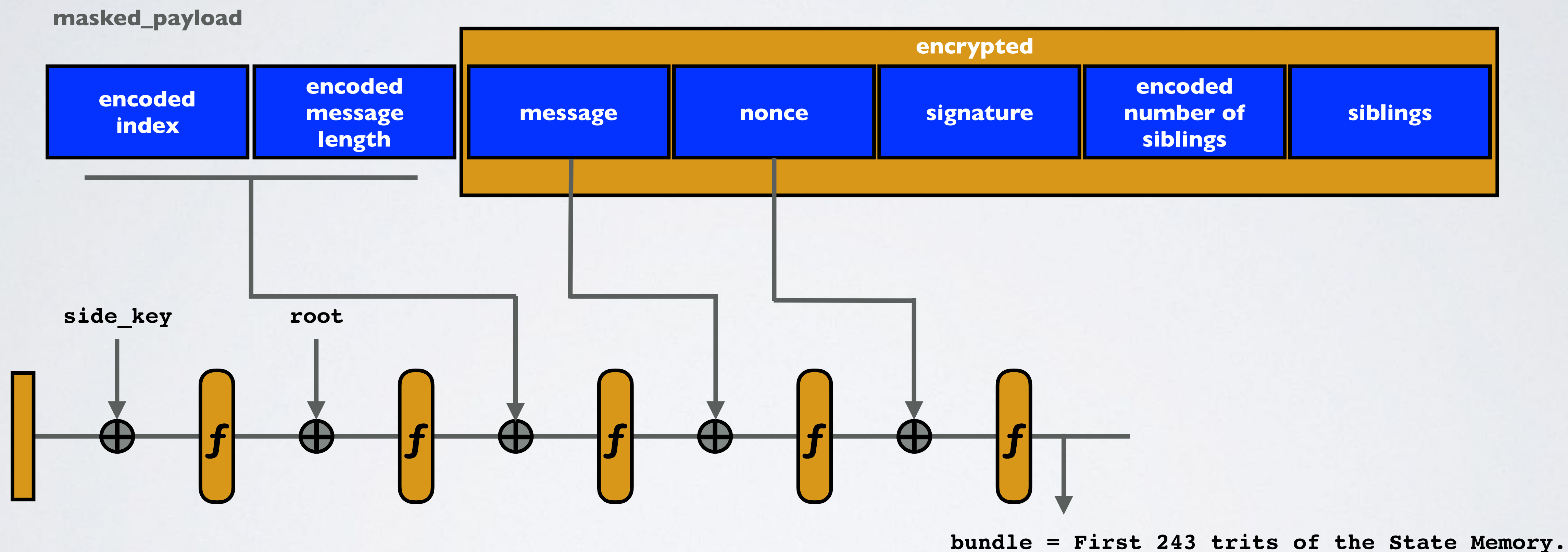
<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn parse<C>(payload: &mut [Trit], side_key: &[Trit],  
root: &[Trit], ..)
```

EXTRACT BUNDLE

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn parse<C>(payload: &mut [Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit], ..)
```



EXTRACT SECURITY LEVEL

- <https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs>
`pub fn checksum_security(hash: &[Trit])`

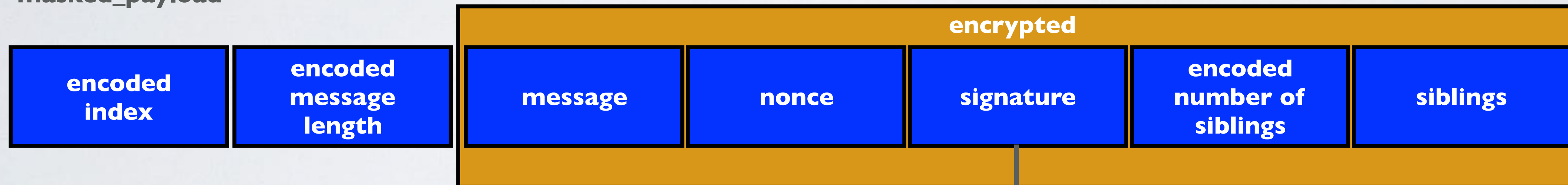


EXTRACT SIGNATURE AND ADDRESS

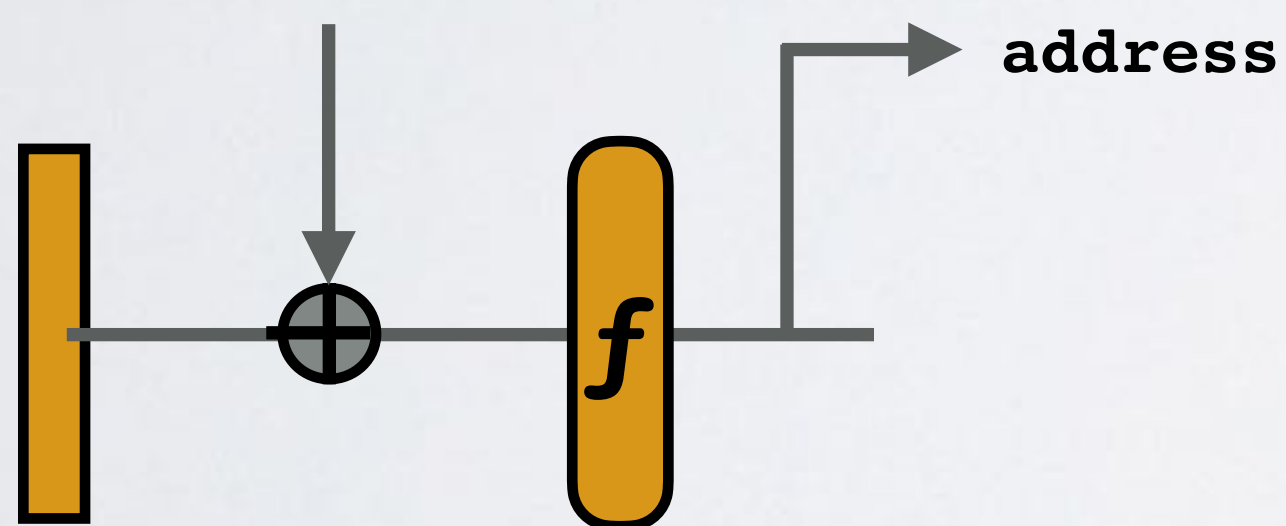
<https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs>

```
pub fn digest_bundle_signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```

masked_payload



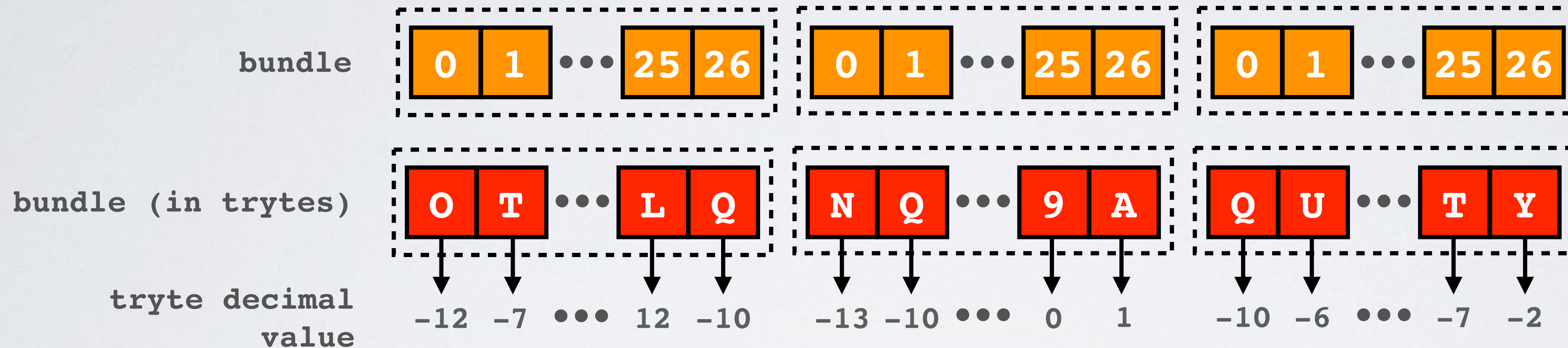
signature ← Use security level to extract signature (masked)



```
pub fn digest_bundle_signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], signature: &mut [Trit],..) {
  :
  iss::digest_bundle_signature(&hmac, &mut payload[pos..sig_end], curl);
  hmac.clone_from_slice(&curl.rate());           (hmac contains the digest)
  :
  curl.absorb(&hmac);
  hmac.clone_from_slice(curl.rate());           (hmac contains the address)
  :
}
```

CALCULATE NUMBER OF HASHES

bundle size = 243 trits = 3 x 27 trytes



```
https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs
pub fn signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], key_signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```

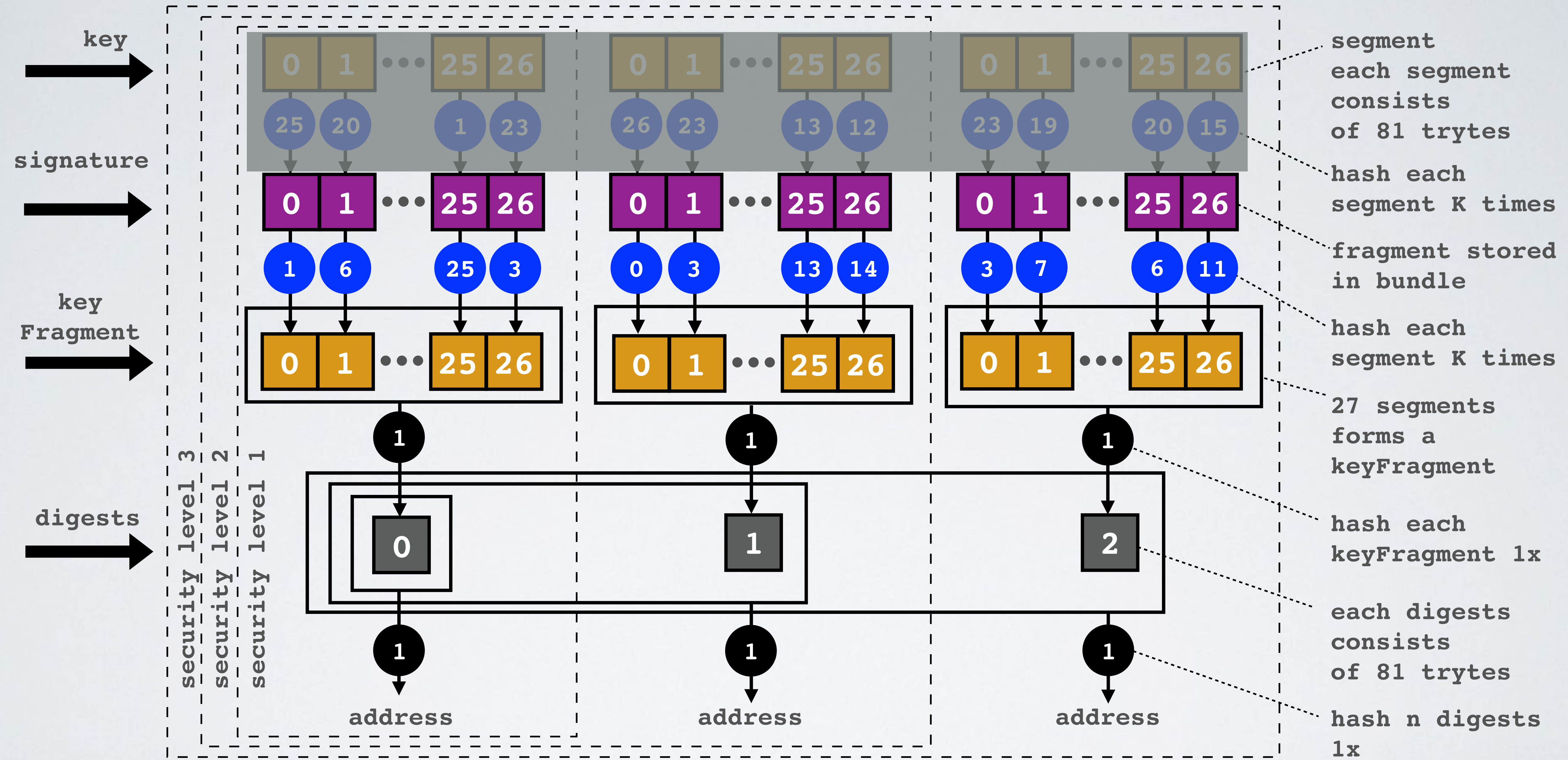


K times to hash each segment to CREATE signature

```
https://github.com/iotaledger/iota.rs/blob/master/sign/src/iss.rs
pub fn digest_bundle_signature<C>(bundle: &[Trit], signature: &mut [Trit],..)
```



K times to hash each segment to VALIDATE signature

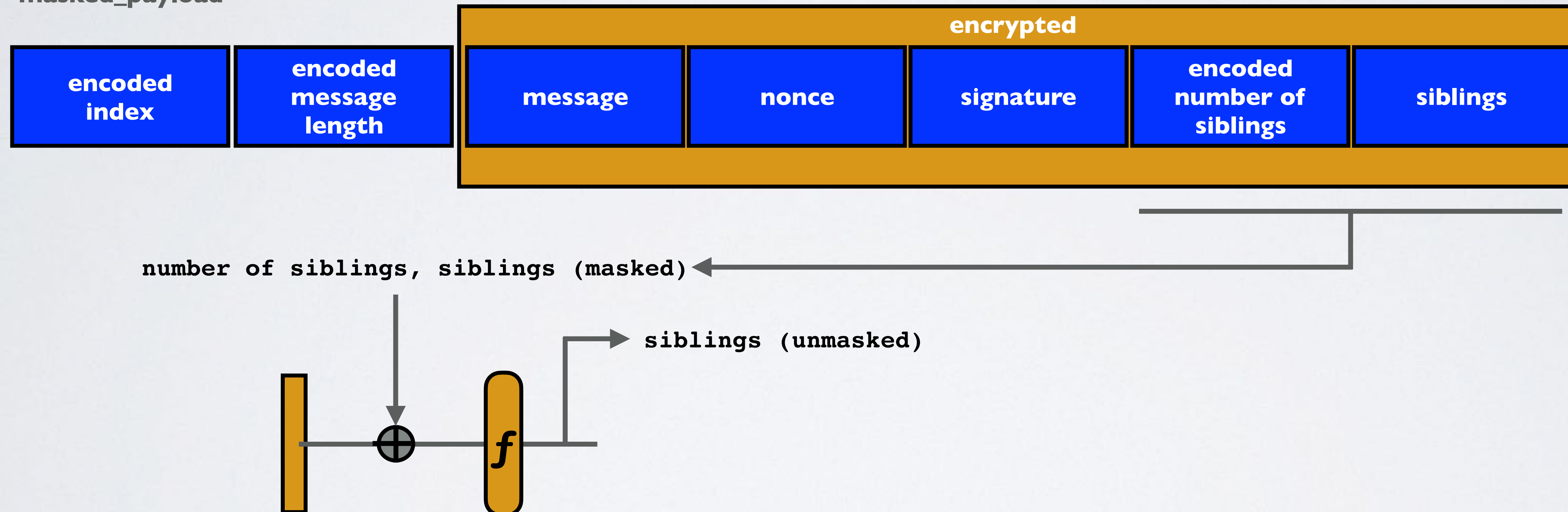


SIBLINGS UNMASKED

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn parse<C>(payload: &mut [Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit], ..)
```

masked_payload



CALCULATE ROOT

<https://github.com/iotaedger/iota.rs/blob/master/merkle/src/simple.rs>

```
pub fn root<C: Curl<Trit>>(address: &[Trit], hashes: &[Trit], index: usize, ..)
```

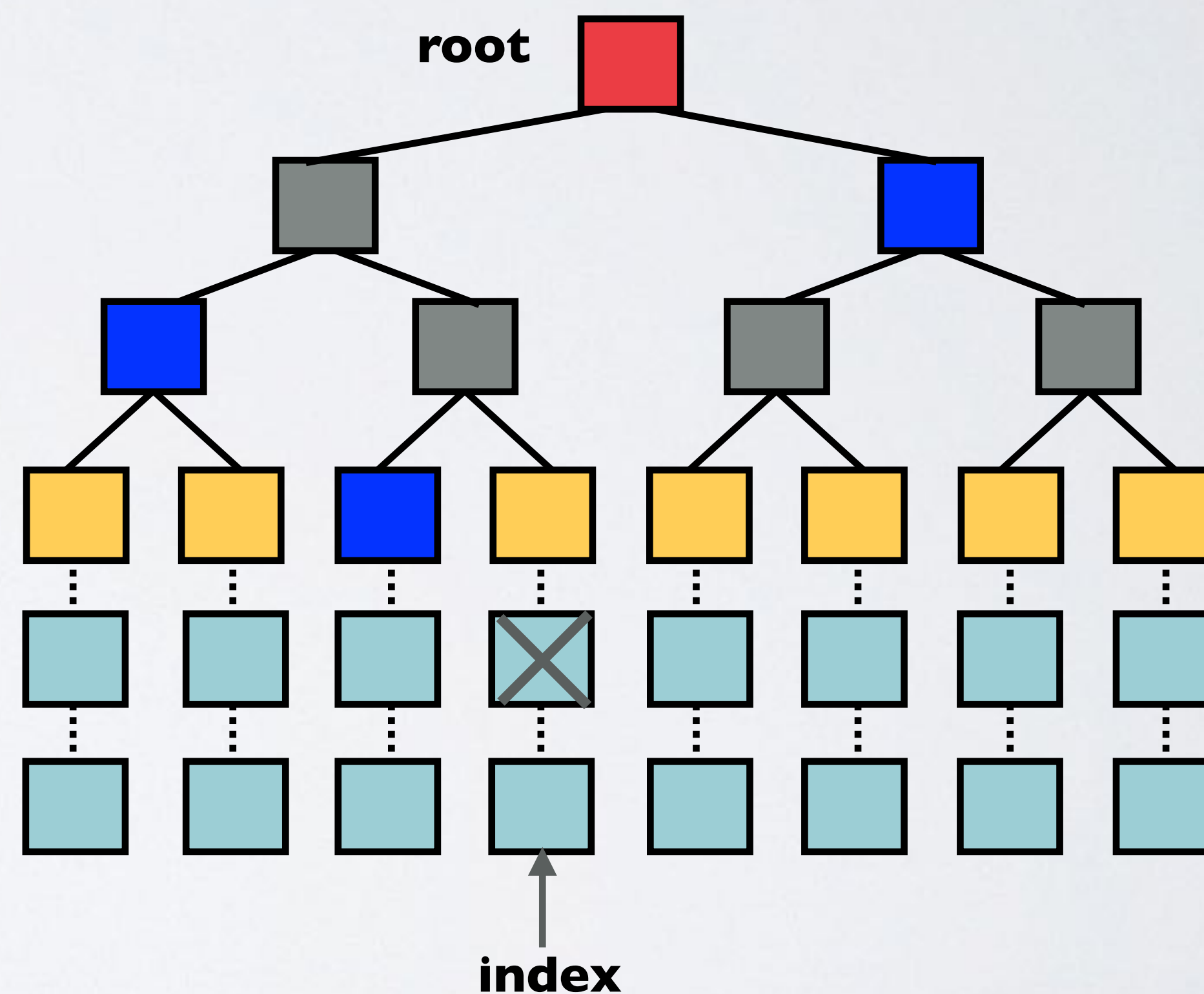
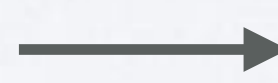
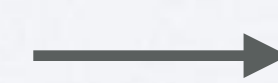
The parse function requires a root value when the function is called.

This root value must match the calculated root.

If this is the case, the next root and message are unmasked.

key = function (seed, key index, sec. level)

address



NEXT ROOT AND MESSAGE UNMASKED

<https://github.com/iotaledger/MAM/blob/master/mam/src/mam.rs>

```
pub fn parse<C>(payload: &mut [Trit], side_key: &[Trit], root: &[Trit], ..)
```

